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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/676,469	09/30/2003	Albert K. Henning	RED-P001	7536	
7590 04/05/2005		EXAMINER			
Fernandez & Associates, LLP			FOX, JOHN C		
PO Box D Menlo Park, C.	A 94026-6402		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	PAPER NUMBER	
,,			3753	3753	

DATE MAILED: 04/05/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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Office Action Summary		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/676,469	HENNING ET A	L.			
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		John Fox	3753				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication a or Reply	appears on the cover	sheet with the correspondence of	address			
THE - Exte after - If the / If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RESIDENT AND	N. 1.136(a). In no event, howevereply within the statutory minir od will expire Southe, cause the application to	er, may a reply be timely filed num of thirty (30) days will be considered tin IX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nely. s communication.			
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30	September 2003.					
2a)□							
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allow			the merits is			
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims						
5)□ 6)⊠ • 7)⊠	 Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1,3 and 5-10 is/are rejected. Claim(s) 2 and 4 is/are objected to. Claim(s) 1-10 are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 						
Applicati	ion Papers						
9) 又	The specification is objected to by the Exam	iner.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
·	Applicant may not request that any objection to t	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the	attached Office Action or form!	PTO-152.			
Priority (ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a)l	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume as: 2. Certified copies of the priority docume as: 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Buresee the attached detailed Office action for a light series.	ents have been receivents have been receivents have been receivents have documents have au (PCT Rule 17.2(ved. ved in Application No ve been received in this Nation a)).	al Stage			
Attachmen	t(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)							
3) 🛛 Infor	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 r No(s)/Mail Date <u>9/30/2003</u> .	08) 5) 🔲 N	aper No(s)/Mail Date lotice of Informal Patent Application (P tther:	'TO-152)			

This action is responsive to the communication filed Srptember 30, 2003.

The specification is objected to. It is unclear what reference [10] is. Only nine references have been cited.

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 1-9, drawn to a valve, classified in class 137, subclass 625.28.
- Claim 10, drawn to a method of maximizing flow, classified in class 137, subclass 2.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because:

Inventions II and I are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case the process as claimed can be practiced by another and materially different apparatus such as a valve with through flow.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

To expedite prosecution an action on the merits follows.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

⁽b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

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Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipted by Robbins.

Robbins shows a diaphragm valve where inlet ports 16 and outlet ports 18 are read as being formed in a plate, and the threaded actuator inherently provides proportionate control.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wang (US 6,412,751) in view of Suzuki.

Wang teaches a microvalve with proportionate control of diaphragm 162, raised seat 115 surrounding inlet 110, outlets 102, where the inlet and outlets extend through plate 101. Wang does not teach a convoluted seat, though. Suzuki teaches a flow control valve with seats having an increased periphery to increase the flow rate for a given flow area. It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have provided the inlet of Wang with such a convoluted shape to similarly provide for increased flow therethrough.

Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over van der Wijngmart ([8] cited by Applicant).

van der Wijngmart teaches a microvalve and notes that the increased periphery of the flow ports increases the flow capacity of the valve. The variables recited

are believed to be known and the method is seen to be inherent to the design of an increased flow capacity valve such as taught by van der Wijngmart.

Claims 3 and 5-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wang in view of van der Wijngmart.

Wang teaches the claimed valve except for the plurality of controlled ports 110. van der Wijngmart teaches that using a plurality of ports instead of a single port such as Wang use will increase the flow capacity of the valve. It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have provided a plurality of controlled ports 110 in the valve of Wang to desirably increase the flow capacity of the valve. The features of the dependent claims are considered to be obvious matters of design choice in view of the state of the art.

Claims 2 and 4 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Barth shows proportionate flow control.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John Fox whose telephone number is 571-272-4912. The examiner can normally be reached on Increased Flextime.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gene Mancene can be reached on 571-272-4930. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

John JFòx Primary Examiner Art Unit 3753